

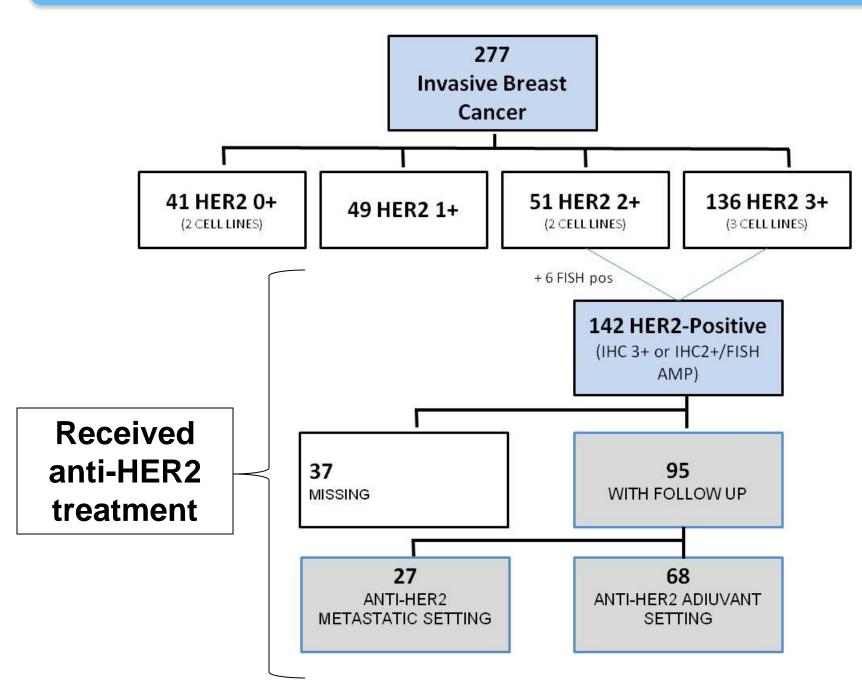
Quantitative measurement of HER2 levels by multiplexed mass spectrometry from FFPE tissue predicts survival in patients treated with anti-HER2 based therapy

Paolo Nuciforo¹, Sheeno Thyparambil², Claudia Aura¹, Ana Garrido-Castro³, Marta Vilaro¹, Vicente Peg⁴, Jose Jimenez¹, Fabiola Cecchi, William Hoos², Jon Burrows², Todd Hembrough², Jose Perez-Garcia³, Javier Cortes³, Maurizio Scaltriti⁵ ¹ Molecular Oncology Laboratory, Vall d'Hebron Institute of Oncology, Barcelona, Spain, ² OncoPlex Diagnostics, Rockville, MD, ³ Department of Oncology, Vall d'Hebron University Hospital, Barcelona, Spain, ⁴ Department of Pathology, Vall d'Hebron University Hospital, Barcelona, Spain, ⁵Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY

Background

Approximately 20% of breast cancer patients overexpress HER2 and are treated with anti-HER2 therapies. However, there is a great deal of disparity of HER2 levels in the patients that are classified as HER2 positive (IHC3+). Techniques like FISH or IHC do not allow for HER2 quantification and a significant proportion of patients are wrongly classified as HER2 positive. Liquid Tissue-Selected reaction monitoring (LT-SRM) is a multiplexed mass spectrometric technique that can objectively quantify levels of HER2 and other targets (e.g. EGFR, HER3 etc.) simultaneously from formalin fixed paraffin embedded (FFPE) sections. Accurate quantification of the expression levels of HER family proteins and knowledge of its impact on response to anti-HER2 therapies may be beneficial for clinicians to better personalize the treatment to the patient





Quantitative Multiplex Mass Spec Assay

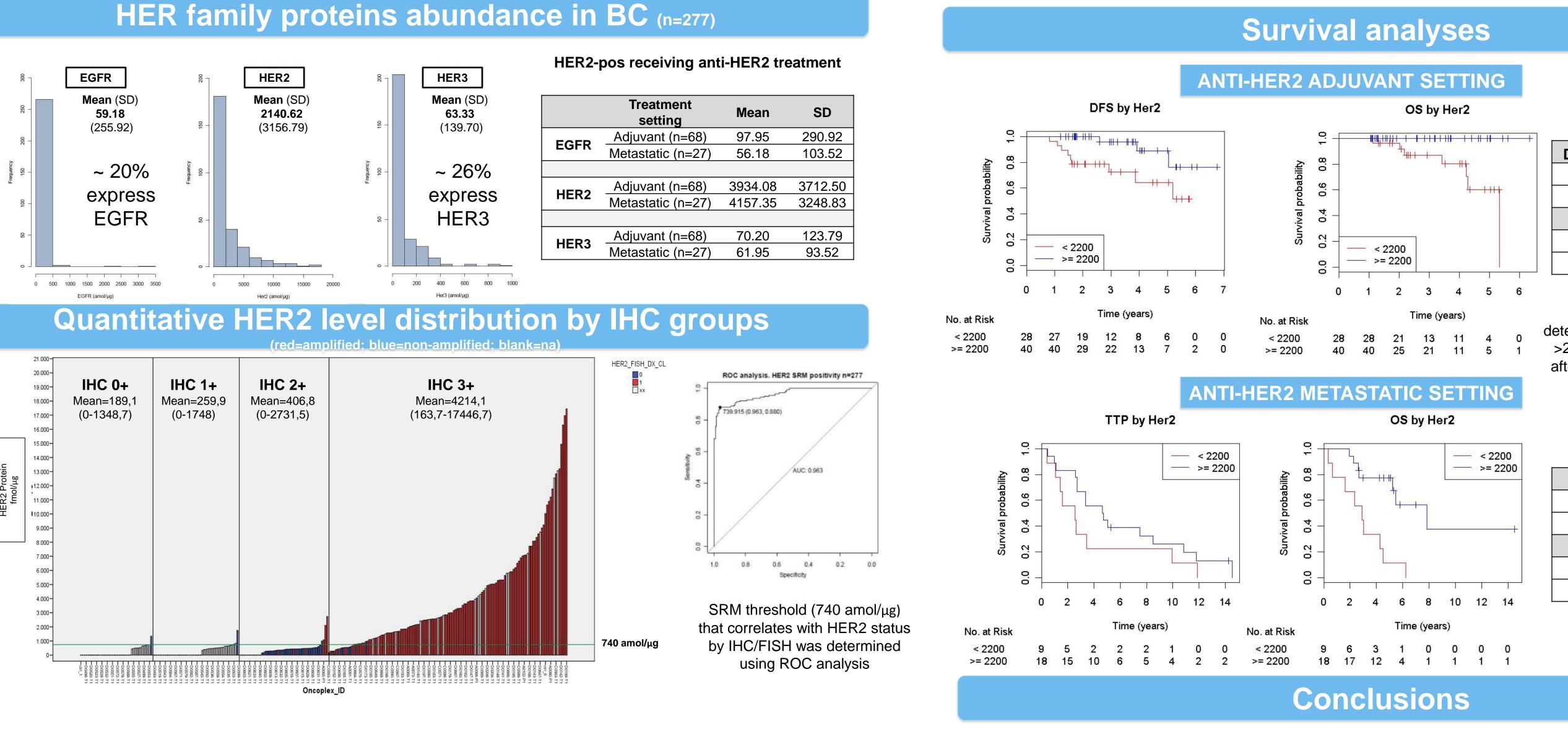


Tumor cel identification

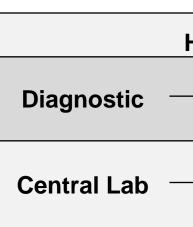
Liquid Laser microdissection Tissue® solubilizes protein

SRM with internal standards

Analysis and reporting



Agreement between SRM and HER2 status by IHC/FISH



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Correlation between HER2 SRM and FISH ratio

	HER2 FISH							
		NO AMPL	AMPL	total	pvalue			
	neg (<740)	53	10	63	-0.001			
HER2 amol/µg	pos (>740)	5	105	110	<0.001			
	total	58	115	173				

Fundación **BBVA**

HER2 Status	n	SRM Agreement, n (%)	
Negative	135	130 (96%)	
Positive	142	125 (88%)	
Negative	144	137 (95%)	
Positive	133	123 (92%)	



- Quantification of HER2 protein by SRM (>740 amol/µg) accurately predicts HER2 expression status compared to standard IHC $(3+)/ISH (\geq 2.0)$ in 277 FFPE samples.
- High HER2 protein levels (>2200 amol/ μ g) predict DFS (HR= 0.22; p=0.013) and OS (HR =<0.10; p=0.001) benefit with HER2 targeted therapy in the adjuvant setting.
- Patients who highly express HER2 protein (>2200 amol/μg) also have significant OS benefit (HR=0.20 ; p<0.001) from HER2 targeted therapy in the metastatic setting.
- The OncoplexDx test can identify HER2 moderate expressers (740 to 2200 amol/µg) who may not receive complete therapeutic benefit from anti-HER2 therapy.
- These moderate expressers may benefit from co-treatment with targeted therapies based on coexpressed targets.
- Upfront multiplex SRM testing will reveal what these options are and support physicians in making informed treatment decisions.



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DISEASE FREE SURVIVAL (DFS)						
HR	CI 95% (HR)	p value				
0.22	0.06-0.81	0.013				
OVERALL SURVIVAL (OS)						
HR	CI 95% (HR)	p value				
na*	na	0.001				

*Hazard ratio for OS can't be determined because all patients with >2200 amol/µg of HER2 are alive after 6 years of anti-HER2 therapy

TIME TO PROGRESSION (TTP)						
HR	CI 95% (HR)	p value				
0.56	0.24-1.29	0.16				
OVERALL SURVIVAL (OS)						
HR	CI 95% (HR)	p value				
0.20	0.07-0.57	<0.001				